INLAND EMPIRE PUBLIC FACILITIES CORPORATION (A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO, CALIFORNIA)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

INLAND EMPIRE PUBLIC FACILITIES CORPORATION (A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO, CALIFORNIA)

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INLAND EMPIRE PUBLIC FACILITIES CORPORATION (A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO, CALIFORNIA)

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Supervisors and Audit Committee Inland Empire Public Facilities Corporation San Bernardino, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Inland Empire Public Facilities Corporation (Corporation), a component unit of the County of San Bernardino, California as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Corporation's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Corporation's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation as of June 30, 2019, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Corporation's financial statements. The schedules of lease payments receivable and schedules of debt service are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2019 on our consideration of the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cade Saully LLP
Rancho Cucamonga, California

December 12, 2019

INLAND EMPIRE PUBLIC FACILITIES CORPORATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents Interest receivable 47,390,08 60,99	36 98 29 50 78)
Restricted cash and cash equivalents 47,390,08	36 98 29 50 78)
·	98 29 50 78)
Interest receivable 60,99	29 50 78)
D : 11 (O)	50 78)
Receivable from County 80,52	7 8)
Gross lease payments receivable 42,979,15	_
Unearned lease interest income (21,193,37) Total Current Assets 69,329,77	S
Total Current Assets 69,329,77	_
Noncurrent Assets:	
Gross lease payments receivable 383,913,02	28
Unearned lease interest income (94,737,48	38)
Total Noncurrent Assets 289,175,54	10
TOTAL ASSETS 358,505,3	3_
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURSES	
Deferred loss on refunding 15,389,10	0
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES 15,389,10	00_
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Interest payable 7,207,23	38
Certificates of Participation payable 26,230,00	
Net (discount) on Certificates of Participation payable (180,45	i9)
Total Current Liabilities 33,256,77	'9
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Certificates of Participation payable 308,925,00	00
Arbitrage payable 80,52	
Net (discounts) on Certificates of Participation payable (2,377,53	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities 306,627,99	<u> </u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES 339,884,77	<u>′4</u>
NET POSITION	
Restricted for debt service 34,009,63	39
TOTAL NET POSITION \$ 34,009,63	39

INLAND EMPIRE PUBLIC FACILITIES CORPORATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NONOPERATING REVENUES	
Lease interest	\$ 20,732,318
Interest and dividends	1,906,797
Net decrease in fair value of investments	(166,968)
Total Nonoperating Revenues	 22,472,147
NONOPERATING EXPENSES	
Interest	17,520,758
Amortization of deferred amount on refunding	2,051,087
Amortization of discount on Certificates of Participation	 180,459
Total Nonoperating Expenses	19,752,304
Changes in Net Position	2,719,843
Net Position - Beginning of year	 31,289,796
Net Position - End of year	\$ 34,009,639

INLAND EMPIRE PUBLIC FACILITIES CORPORATION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Lease payments received	\$ 40,911,320
Principal payments on Certificates of Participation	(24,920,000)
Interest paid	(18,036,463)
Net Cash Used for Noncapital Financing Activities	 (2,045,143)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	
Investment income	2,153,186
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	22,069,774
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	 24,222,960
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	22,177,817
Cash and cash equivalents - Beginning of year	25,224,657
Cash and cash equivalents - End of year	\$ 47.402.474



NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF THE CORPORATION AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Inland Empire Public Facilities Corporation (Corporation) is a nonprofit public benefit corporation, formed on May 30, 1986, to serve the County of San Bernardino (County) by financing, refinancing, acquiring, constructing, improving, leasing and selling buildings, building improvements, equipment, land, land improvements, and any other real or personal property for the benefit of residents of the County.

The Corporation's financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The Corporation is a legally separate entity with the same governing body as the County and has financial benefit or burden relationship with the County, and potential exclusion would result in misleading financial reporting of the County. Therefore, the Corporation is deemed to be a component unit of the County. Upon termination of the trust and lease agreements, any remaining assets of the Corporation shall become the property of the County.

In accordance with governmental accounting standards, a statement of net position, a statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and a statement of cash flows are presented. Net position is the residual of all other elements presented in a statement of financial position (assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources). The Corporation's net position can be classified into restricted and unrestricted.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Using this definition, the Corporation has no operating revenues or expenses.

The Corporation uses the Direct Financing Lease Method to record the lease of the projects to the County. Under this method, when a project is completed, the Corporation records a lease receivable (see Note 4) and the Capital Assets are carried on the books of the lessee (County).

The Corporation treats all investments with original maturities of three months or less as cash equivalents.

Certificates of Participation (COP) premiums/discounts and deferred loss on refunding are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt using the straight-line method.

The deferred outflows of resources is defined as a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred inflow of resources is defined as an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The deferred loss on refunding, classified as deferred outflows of resources, represents the excess of the amount placed in escrow (reacquisition price) over the carrying amount of the refunded bonds and is amortized over the remaining life of the refunded or refunding bonds using the straight line method. The amortization is displayed separately on the statement of revenues, expenses, and change in net position.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF THE CORPORATION AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

These classifications are defined as follows:

Restricted – This component of net position consists of constraints placed on net resources use through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted – This component of net position consists of net resources that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Corporation's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The Corporation qualifies as an Internal Revenue Code 501(c)(4) organization, and therefore, is exempt from taxation.

NOTE 2: THE PROJECT

Medical Center Project: On November 4, 1991, the Board of Directors of the Corporation approved the overall financing program for the construction of the replacement County Medical Center. The project consisted of a hospital to be constructed on the site and hospital equipment. The overall financing plan for the replacement of the County Medical Center consists of the following phases:

1. Land acquisition financing:

The Corporation issued Certificates of Participation, Series A, dated November 1, 1991, in the amount of \$18,360,000. The proceeds from the sale of the "Series A" Certificates were used to acquire certain parcels of real property, which were used as the site of the hospital.

2. Preconstruction and first phase construction financing:

The Corporation issued Certificates of Participation, Series B, dated January 1, 1992, in the amount of \$246,100,000. The proceeds from the sale of the "Series B" Certificates were to be used to finance a portion of the costs of design, engineering, construction management and construction of the hospital, and to fund capitalized interest to August 1, 1999, and fund a reserve fund deposit.

On March 2, 1994, the Corporation issued Certificates of Participation dated February 1, 1994 in the amount of \$283,245,000 (1994 Certificates). The proceeds from the sale of the 1994 Certificates were used, together with remaining funds from the issuance of Series A and Series B Certificates, to provide funds for defeasance of the Series A and Series B Certificates. In addition to providing for the defeasance, the proceeds from the sale of the 1994 Certificates were used, together with remaining funds from the issuance of Series A and Series B Certificates, to provide funds to finance a portion of the costs of design, engineering, construction management and construction of the hospital and to fund capitalized interest accrued to August 1, 1999, and fund a reserve fund deposit.

NOTE 2: THE PROJECT (continued)

3. Principal construction financing:

On June 28, 1995, the Corporation issued Certificates of Participation dated June 1, 1995 in the amount of \$363,265,000 (1995 Certificates). The proceeds from the sale of the 1995 Certificates were used, together with some of the remaining funds from the issuance of the 1994 Certificates, to provide funds for the refunding of \$69,640,000 of the \$283,245,000 outstanding 1994 Certificates of Participation. In addition to providing for the refunding, the proceeds from the sale of the 1995 Certificates were used to provide funds to complete construction and to fund capitalized interest accrued to and including October 1, 1999, and to fund a reserve fund deposit.

On January 31, 1996, the Corporation issued Certificates of Participation dated January 1, 1996 in the amount of \$65,070,000 (1996 Certificates). The proceeds from the sale of the 1996 Certificates were used to provide for the defeasance of \$55,000,000 of the \$363,265,000 outstanding 1995 Certificates.

On October 22, 1998, the Corporation issued Certificates of Participation dated October 16, 1998 in the amount of \$176,510,000 (1998 Certificates). The proceeds from the sale of the 1998 Certificates were used to advance refund \$160,700,000 of the \$308,265,000 outstanding 1995 Certificates, to fund capitalized interest on the series 1998 Certificates to October 1, 1999, and to pay certain expenses of the transaction.

4. 4. Major equipment acquisition financing:

On September 16, 1997, the Corporation issued Certificates of Participation dated August 1, 1997 in the amount of \$121,095,000 (1997 Certificates). The proceeds from the sale of the 1997 Certificates were used to provide funds to finance the acquisition of equipment for the replacement San Bernardino County Medical Center and to fund capitalized interest accrued to and including August 1, 1999, and to fund a reserve fund deposit.

The acquisition and construction of the Project was carried out by the County as the agent of the Corporation pursuant to a Master Agency Agreement, dated as of February 1, 1994. The County has leased the site to the Corporation pursuant to the Master Site Lease, dated February 1, 1994. The Corporation entered into a master lease agreement with the County whereby the project (i.e. the hospital) is leased to the County. The County was required under the master lease agreement to make aggregate lease payments which are designed in both time and amount to pay the principal and interest due with respect to the Series 1994 Certificates, the Series 1995 Certificates, the Series 1996 Certificates, the Series 1997 Certificates and the Series 1998 Certificates.

On December 17, 2009, the Corporation issued Certificates of Participation dated December 17, 2009 in the amounts of \$243,980,000 (Arrowhead Refunding Project Series 2009 A Certificates of Participation) and \$44,750,000 (Arrowhead Refunding Project Series 2009 B Certificates of Participation). The proceeds from the sale of the Series 2009 A Certificates were used to advance refund \$45,325,000 of the \$83,505,000 outstanding 1995 Certificates, all of the \$174,410,000 outstanding 1998 Certificates and to fund a termination payment of \$23,793,000, with respect to the termination of the interest rate swap agreement on the 1998 Certificates. The proceeds from the sale of the Series 2009 B Certificates were used to advance refund \$44,325,000 of the \$172,040,000 outstanding 1994 Certificates.

The master lease agreement between the County and the Corporation was amended and supplemented on December 1, 2009. The master lease agreement obligates the County to make aggregate lease payments on each series, including the Series 2009 A lease payments and Series 2009 B lease payments.

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Fiscal agents acting on behalf of the Corporation held all cash and investments from long-term debt issuances. In accordance with the terms of the trust agreements, cash and investments are segregated and restricted for specified purposes. The trustee for the Corporation's Medical Center project is Wells Fargo Bank, Corporate Trust Services.

As of June 30, 2019, cash and investments consist of the following:

Statement of Net Position (combined):

Cash and cash equivalents

Restricted cash and cash equivalents

Total Cash and Investments

\$

	Φ	12,300
		47,390,086
•	\$	47,402,474

12 200

Fair Value Measurements

The Corporation categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on a hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of assets. The fair value hierarchy establishes inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarch has three levels.

- Level 1 Inputs Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets
- Level 2 Inputs Inputs-other than quoted prices included in Level 1-that are observable for an asset, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 Inputs Unobservable inputs for an asset

The determination of what constitutes observable requires judgement by management. The Corporation considers observable data to be that market data which is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable, and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by multiple independent sources. The Corporation does not have any leveled assets as of June 30, 2019.

The valuation of the Corporation's 2a7 money market mutual funds (money market funds are a type of mutual fund registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 and regulated under rule 2a-7 of the Act) are at one-dollar net asset value (NAV) per share. The total fair value of these at June 30, 2019 was \$47,402,474, with \$0 unfunded commitments. The redemption frequency is daily and redemption notice period of intra-daily. This type of investment primarily invests in short term U.S Treasury, government securities (including repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury and government agency securities).

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the trust agreements, created in connection with the issuance of debt (see Note 5) rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code. Certificates of Participation indentures specify the types of securities in which proceeds may be invested as well as any related insurance, collateral, or minimum credit rating requirements. Although requirements may vary between debt issues, money market funds are all required to be investment grade. Guaranteed investment contracts are required to be acceptable to the municipal bond insurer. The fair value of investments is based on the valuation provided by trustee banks.

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the measurement of how changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the more sensitive its fair value is to changes in market interest rates. As a component unit of the County of San Bernardino which uses weighted average maturity to monitor its interest rate risk, the Corporation has elected weighted average maturity for its disclosure method.

As of June 30, 2019, the Corporation's cash and investments, including cash equivalents, were as follows:

Investments	Maturity	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	\$ 47,402,474	N/A

Credit Risk

Credit risk exists when there is a possibility the issuer or other counterparty to an investment may be unable to fulfill its obligations. Generally accepted accounting principles requires the disclosure of credit quality ratings for investments in debt securities as well as investments in external investment pools, money market funds, and other pooled investments of fixed income securities.

The Corporation's investments in money market funds were rated Aaa by Moody's Investors Service.

NOTE 4: LEASE RECEIVABLE

The Corporation entered into an agreement with the County whereby the Projects are leased to the County for lease payments that are equal to the debt service due on the Certificates of Participation less any amount held in reserve. The County may, pursuant to the lease agreement, abate the lease payments by the amount of investment interest income earned by the trustee in the lease payment and reserve accounts.

The future minimum lease/installment payments to be received for each lease agreement for each of the five succeeding fiscal years, and in five year increments thereafter are summarized as follows for fiscal years ending June 30:

	Me	edical Center
2020	\$	42,979,150
2021		42,996,376
2022		43,079,351
2023		43,047,313
2024		43,318,121
2025-29		211,471,867
Total Lease Payments Receivable		426,892,178
Less: Unearned Interest		(115,930,866)
Net Lease Receivable	\$	310,961,312

NOTE 5: LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in the Certificates of Participation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019:

Description	July 1, 2018	Ad	ditions	Reductions	June 30, 2019	Due Within One Year
Medical Center Project						
Series 1994	\$ 92,835,000	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 92,835,000	\$ -
Series 1996	61,385,000		-	515,000	60,870,000	545,000
Series 2009 A	161,975,000		-	16,995,000	144,980,000	17,900,000
Series 2009 B	43,880,000		-	7,410,000	36,470,000	7,785,000
Subtotal bonds	360,075,000		-	24,920,000	335,155,000	26,230,000
Issuance discount	(4,675,529)		-	(467,812)	(4,207,717)	(467,812)
Issuance premium	1,937,077			287,353	1,649,724	287,353
Total bonds	\$357,336,548			\$ 24,739,541	\$332,597,007	\$ 26,049,541

The annual requirements to amortize all long-term debt outstanding as of June 30, 2019, including interest payments of \$91,737,178 over the life of the debt, are summarized as follows for fiscal years ending June 30:

Description	 2020	 2021		2022	
Medical Center Project	 _				
Series 1994	\$ 4,944,626	\$ 16,698,326	\$	16,316,351	
Series 1996	3,574,875	3,572,000		3,572,750	
Series 2009 A	25,000,187	21,255,944		21,720,144	
Series 2009 B	9,459,462	1,470,106		1,470,106	
	\$ 42,979,150	\$ 42,996,376	\$	43,079,351	
Description	2023	2024		2025-29	
Medical Center Project					
Series 1994	\$ 16,325,201	\$ 2,669,726	\$	62,827,695	
Series 1996	3,572,000	3,574,625		68,715,745	
Series 2009 A	21,680,006	21,991,641		64,836,351	
Series 2009 B	1,470,106	15,082,129		15,092,076	
	\$ 43,047,313	\$ 43,318,121	\$	211,471,867	
Description	 Total				
Medical Center Project					
Series 1994	\$ 119,781,925				
Series 1996	86,581,995				
Series 2009 A	176,484,273				
Series 2009 B	 44,043,985				
Total Long-Term Debt	426,892,178				
Less: Total Interest	(91,737,178)				
Total Principal	\$ 335,155,000				

Note: Principal and interest for each fiscal year is displayed in the supplementary information.

NOTE 5: LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Source of Payment: The ability of the Corporation to pay its obligations is dependent upon receipt of lease payments from the County of San Bernardino in accordance with various lease agreements. Under the lease agreements the County is required to make lease payments each year, from any source of legally available funds, in an amount sufficient to pay the annual principal and interest with respect to the certificates of participation. The obligation of the County to make lease payments does not constitute an obligation of the County for which the County is obligated to levy or pledge any form of taxation, or for which the County has levied or pledged any form of taxation. Neither the certificates, nor the obligation of the County to make such lease payments, constitutes any indebtedness of the County.

Medical Center Project: The Medical Center Series 1994 Certificates of Participation were issued by the Corporation dated February 1, 1994, in the amount of \$283,245,000, with interest rates ranging from 4.60 percent to 7.00 percent. The Series 1994 Certificates maturing on August 1, 2019, August 1, 2024, August 1, 2026, and August 1, 2028, are subject to optional redemption in whole or in part on any date in such order of maturity as the Corporation shall determine and by lot within a maturity, plus interest accrued to the redemption date. On December 17, 2009 the Corporation issued the Arrowhead Refunding Project Series 2009 B Certificates and used the proceeds of the Series 2009 B Certificates along with other available funds to refund \$44,325,000 of the Series 1994 Certificates.

The Medical Center Series 1995 Certificates of Participation were issued by the Corporation dated June 1, 1995, in the amount of \$363,265,000, with interest rates from 4.80 percent to 7.00 percent. On December 17, 2009 the Corporation issued the Arrowhead Refunding Project Series 2009 A Certificates and used the proceeds of the Series 2009 A Certificates along with other available funds to refund \$45,065,000 of the Series 1995 Certificates. On August 1, 2017, the Corporation made the final debt service payment for the Medical Center Series 1995 Certificates of Participation in the amount of \$4,971,488. This amount consisted of \$4,815,000 in principal and \$156,488 in interest. On October 11, 2017, the Corporation transferred to the County the remaining balance in the 1995 Lease Payment Fund of \$2,076.

The Medical Center Series 1996 Certificates of Participation were issued by the Corporation dated January 1, 1996, in the amount of \$65,070,000, with interest rates from 5 percent to 5.25 percent. The Series 1996 Certificates are subject to optional redemption in whole or in part on any date in such order of maturity as the Corporation shall determine and by lot within a maturity, plus interest accrued to the redemption date.

The Arrowhead Refunding Project Series 2009 A Certificates of Participation were issued by the Corporation, dated December 17, 2009, in the amount of \$243,980,000, with interest rates from 3 percent to 5.50 percent.

The Arrowhead Refunding Project Series 2009 B Certificates of Participation were issued by the Corporation, dated December 17, 2009, in the amount of \$44,750,000, with interest rates from 3 percent to 5.25 percent.

Each series of the 2009 Arrowhead Refunding Project Certificates of Participation is subject to optional redemption in whole or in part on any date in such order of maturity as the County determines and by lot within a maturity, on or after August 1, 2019, at the redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof to be redeemed, together with interest accrued and unpaid to the date fixed for redemption, without premium, from the proceeds of optional prepayments of lease payments made by the County pursuant to the lease agreement.

NOTE 5: LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

If the County defaults on its obligations to make lease payments stipulated under the installment agreement, the Trustee, as assignee of the Corporation, may retain the lease agreement and hold the County liable for all lease payments on annual basis and will have the right to reenter and relet the facilities constructed or acquired from the Certificates' proceeds. In the event such reletting occurs, the County would be liable for any resulting deficiency in lease payments. Alternatively, the Trustee may terminate the lease agreement with respect to the Project and proceed against the County to recover damages pursuant to the lease agreement. Due to the specialized nature of the Project, no assurance is given that the Trustee will be able to relet any portion of the Project to provide rental income sufficient to make remaining payments of principal and interest on the Certificates in a timely manner, and the Trustee is not empowered to sell the Project for the benefit of the owners of the Certificates.

NOTE 6: PRIOR YEARS' DEFEASANCE OF DEBT

In prior years, the Corporation defeased certain certificates of participation by placing proceeds of new certificates in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the Certificates of Participation. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liability for the defeased certificates are not included in the Corporation's financial statements. At June 30, 2019, certificates of participation outstanding considered defeased are as follows:

Defeased Debt		Amount	Refunded By
Medical Center Series 1992	\$	61,070,000	Medical Center Series 1994

NOTE 7: ARBITRAGE PAYABLE

The exclusion, under Section 103(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, from gross income for federal income tax purposes of the interest component of lease payments (and the interest payable with respect to the Certificates) is based on compliance with certain requirements of the Code. Included among such requirements of Section 148(f) of the Code is that certain excess investment earnings be rebated to the federal government.

Rebatable arbitrage (if any) is required to be paid to the federal government following the end of each period of five bond years during the term of the Lease Agreement (and Certificates of Participation). As of June 30, 2019, the estimated arbitrage payable, relating to the Medical Center Project, is \$80,529.

NOTE 8: PRIOR YEAR LEASE ASSIGNMENT

West Valley Detention Center Project: On March 29, 2012, the Corporation assigned the future lease revenues paid by the County from this Project to Banc of America Public Capital Corp (Banc) in exchange for \$51,585,000. These funds were used to redeem the \$50,640,000 of outstanding Certificates of Participation, pay financing costs of \$130,548, pay a 2% premium on the early redemption of the Certificates of \$807,300 and return an escrow account overpayment of \$7,152 to the County. Total lease payments of \$56,529,939 will be paid to the Banc by the County in semiannual installments beginning November 1, 2012 through November 1, 2018 representing \$51,585,000 in principal and \$4,944,939 in interest for an effective interest rate of 2.59%. As a result, the Certificates of Participation and the associated lease receivable have been removed from the Corporation's Financial Statements.

NOTE 9: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Arrowhead Refunding Project Series 2019 A Certificates of Participation were issued by the Corporation, dated July 2, 2019, in the amount of \$224,045,000, with an interest rate of 5 percent.

The Arrowhead Refunding Project Series 2019 B Certificates of Participation were issued by the Corporation, dated July 2, 2019, in the amount of \$35,635,000, with interest rates from 2 percent to 2.05 percent.

The Certificates were executed and delivered to provide funds to pay and prepay the following Certificates of Participation of the County:

- (1) Certificates of Participation Series 1994 (Medical Center Financing Project)
- (2) Certificates of Participation Series 1996 (Medical Center Financing Project)
- (3) Certificates of Participation Series 2009A (Arrowhead Refunding Project)
- (4) Certificates of Participation Series 2009B (Arrowhead Refunding Project)

The Certificates are not subject to optional prepayment prior to their stated Principal Payment Dates.

NOTE 10: NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Effective in Current Fiscal Year

GASB Statement No. 83 – In November 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*. The objective of this Statement is to provide financial statement users with information about asset retirement obligations that were not addressed in GASB standards by establishing uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for these obligations. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018. The Statement did not have an effect on the Corporation's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 88 – In April 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements.* The objective of this Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018. The Corporation has implemented this Statement as of July 1, 2018.

Effective in Future Fiscal Years

GASB Statement No. 84 – In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The Corporation has not determined the effect of this Statement.

GASB Statement No. 87 – In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The Corporation has not determined the effect of this Statement.

NOTE 10: NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS (continued)

GASB Statement No. 89 – In June 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period.* The objectives of this Statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirement of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The Corporation has not determined the effect of this Statement.

GASB Statement No. 90 – In August 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests* – *An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*. The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. For all other holdings of a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization, a government should report the legally separate organization as a component unit, and the government or fund that holds the equity interest should report an asset related to the majority equity interest using the equity method. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The Corporation has not determined the effect of this Statement.

GASB Statement No. 91 – In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2020. The Corporation has not determined the effect of this Statement.

Schedule One

INLAND EMPIRE PUBLIC FACILITIES CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF LEASE PAYMENTS RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

MEDICAL CENTER PROJECT – SERIES 1994

Fiscal Year	Due July 15		 Due January 15	 Total
2019-20	\$	2,472,313	\$ 2,472,313	\$ 4,944,626
2020-21		14,652,313	2,046,013	16,698,326
2021-22		14,616,013	1,700,338	16,316,351
2022-23		14,990,338	1,334,863	16,325,201
2023-24		1,334,863	1,334,863	2,669,726
2024-25		1,334,863	1,334,863	2,669,726
2025-26		14,394,863	1,008,363	15,403,226
2026-27		14,733,363	665,238	15,398,601
2027-28		14,340,238	340,450	14,680,688
2028-29		14,675,454	-	14,675,454
	\$	107,544,621	\$ 12,237,304	\$ 119,781,925

Schedule Two

INLAND EMPIRE PUBLIC FACILITIES CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF LEASE PAYMENTS RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

MEDICAL CENTER PROJECT - SERIES 1996

Fiscal Year		Due July 15		Due January 15	Total			
2019-20	\$	\$ 2,066,750		1,508,125	\$	3,574,875		
2020-21	·	2,078,125	\$	1,493,875	•	3,572,000		
2021-22		2,093,875		1,478,875		3,572,750		
2022-23		2,108,875		1,463,125		3,572,000		
2023-24		2,128,125		1,446,500		3,574,625		
2024-25		2,141,500		1,429,125		3,570,625		
2025-26		2,164,125		1,410,750		3,574,875		
2026-27		8,530,750		1,232,750		9,763,500		
2027-28		25,262,750		25,262,750		631,998		25,894,748
2028-29		25,911,997		-		25,911,997		
	\$	74,486,872	\$	12,095,123	\$	86,581,995		

Schedule Three

INLAND EMPIRE PUBLIC FACILITIES CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF LEASE PAYMENTS RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

MEDICAL CENTER PROJECT - SERIES 2009 SERIES A

Fiscal Year	Due July 15			Due January 15	Total		
2019-20	\$	21,673,259	\$	3,326,928	\$	25,000,187	
2020-21		18,341,928		2,914,016		21,255,944	
2021-22		19,244,016		2,476,128		21,720,144	
2022-23	19,641,128			2,038,878		21,680,006	
2023-24	20,423,878			1,567,763		21,991,641	
2024-25		20,917,763		1,071,919		21,989,682	
2025-26		24,006,919		469,875		24,476,794	
2026-27		18,369,875		_		18,369,875	
	\$	162,618,766	\$	13,865,507	\$	176,484,273	

Schedule Four

INLAND EMPIRE PUBLIC FACILITIES CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF LEASE PAYMENTS RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

MEDICAL CENTER PROJECT - SERIES 2009 SERIES B

Fiscal Year	Due July 15		J	Due anuary 15	Total		
2019-20	\$	8,724,409	\$	735,053	\$	9,459,462	
2020-21		735,053		735,053		1,470,106	
2021-22		735,053		735,053		1,470,106	
2022-23		735,053		735,053		1,470,106	
2023-24		14,705,053		377,076		15,082,129	
2024-25		15,092,076		-		15,092,076	
	\$	40,726,697	\$	3,317,288	\$	44,043,985	

MEDICAL CENTER PROJECT – SERIES 1994

	Due Au			st 1 Due Fel		e February 1		
Fiscal Year		Principal Interest Interest		Interest	Total			
2019-20	\$	-	\$	2,472,313	\$	2,472,313	\$	4,944,626
2020-21		12,180,000		2,472,313		2,046,013		16,698,326
2021-22		12,570,000		2,046,013		1,700,338		16,316,351
2022-23		13,290,000		1,700,338		1,334,863		16,325,201
2023-24		-		1,334,863		1,334,863		2,669,726
2024-25		-		1,334,863		1,334,863		2,669,726
2025-26		13,060,000		1,334,863		1,008,363		15,403,226
2026-27		13,725,000		1,008,363		665,238		15,398,601
2027-28		13,675,000		665,238		340,450		14,680,688
2028-29		14,335,000		340,454		-		14,675,454
	\$	92,835,000	\$	14,709,621	\$	12,237,304	\$	119,781,925

MEDICAL CENTER PROJECT – SERIES 1996

	Due Augus			1	Due February 1					
Fiscal Year		Principal	Interest		pal Interest Interest		Interest	Total		
2019-20	\$	545,000	\$	1,521,750	\$	1,508,125	\$	3,574,875		
2020-21		570,000		1,508,125		1,493,875		3,572,000		
2021-22		600,000		1,493,875		1,478,875		3,572,750		
2022-23		630,000		1,478,875		1,463,125		3,572,000		
2023-24		665,000		1,463,125		1,446,500		3,574,625		
2024-25		695,000		1,446,500		1,429,125		3,570,625		
2025-26		735,000		1,429,125		1,410,750		3,574,875		
2026-27		7,120,000		1,410,750		1,232,750		9,763,500		
2027-28		24,030,000		1,232,750		631,998		25,894,748		
2028-29		25,280,000		631,997		-		25,911,997		
	\$	60,870,000	\$	13,616,872	\$	12,095,123	\$	86,581,995		

MEDICAL CENTER PROJECT - SERIES 2009 SERIES A

	Due August 1			1	Du	e February 1		
Fiscal Year		Principal	Interest		Interest		Total	
2019-20	\$	17,900,000	\$	3,773,259	\$	3,326,928	\$	25,000,187
2020-21		15,015,000		3,326,928		2,914,016		21,255,944
2021-22		16,330,000		2,914,016		2,476,128		21,720,144
2022-23		17,165,000		2,476,128		2,038,878		21,680,006
2023-24		18,385,000		2,038,878		1,567,763		21,991,641
2024-25		19,350,000		1,567,763		1,071,919		21,989,682
2025-26		22,935,000		1,071,919		469,875		24,476,794
2026-27		17,900,000		469,875		-		18,369,875
	\$	144,980,000	\$	17,638,766	\$	13,865,507	\$	176,484,273

MEDICAL CENTER PROJECT - SERIES 2009 SERIES B

	Due August 1			Due	e February 1		
Fiscal Year		Principal		Interest		Interest	 Total
2019-20	\$	7,785,000	\$	939,409	\$	735,053	\$ 9,459,462
2020-21		-		735,053		735,053	1,470,106
2021-22		-		735,053		735,053	1,470,106
2022-23		-		735,053		735,053	1,470,106
2023-24		13,970,000		735,053		377,076	15,082,129
2024-25		14,715,000		377,076		-	15,092,076
	\$	36,470,000	\$	4,256,697	\$	3,317,288	\$ 44,043,985



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Board of Supervisors and Audit Committee Inland Empire Public Facilities Corporation San Bernardino, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Inland Empire Public Facilities Corporation (Corporation), a component unit of the County of San Bernardino, California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Corporation's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Corporation's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cade Saelly LLP
Rancho Cucamonga, California

December 12, 2019